

SATURDAY, JANUARY 3, 1835.

The United States and France.—We have placed upon our first page, the last letters transmitted by our Minister in France, as having passed between him and the French Minister of Foreign Affairs, and the reply of the Secretary of State of the United States, expressing the views of the Executive on that subject.

Office and Prescription.—The opposition have made a great noise about office holders, and against what they call the prescriptive policy of this administration. They have so often asserted that there was an army of forty thousand office holders, in the pay of the general government, and all of them supporters of this administration, that many of their party actually believe it.

We have run our eye over the report recently made to Congress by the Secretary of the Treasury, respecting the new organization of the Post Office Department. The whole number of Custom-House officers in the U. States, of every grade and kind, is stated in that report to be twelve hundred and three; and next to Postmasters, officers of the Customs are the largest class of officers under the U. States. There are one hundred and seventy Custom-House officers in Massachusetts, receiving different rates of compensation, from thirty dollars to four thousand dollars a year. We find among these, forty-nine who are opponents of the administration; and how many more there are, we do not know. This does not look like universal proscription.

We believe that full one half of the whole number of Custom-House officers in the United States are opposed to the present administration. The same remark holds good, too, as to Postmasters—of the four hundred Postmasters in this State, three hundred, at least, are of the opposition party. While, on the other hand, a relentless system of exclusion and proscription is followed by the opposition where they have the power. The only office of importance, in the gift of the government of this State, filled by a Democrat, or friend of the National Administration, is a seat on the Supreme Court Bench.

The statement, going the rounds of the Federal papers, that there have been 2992 removals of officers by this Administration, like their statement about the army of 40,000 office-holders, is entirely supposititious. It has no truth, and can only deceive the most glib of the community.

Commerce of Boston.—The number of Foreign arrivals into this port during the year 1829 was 663; 1830, 648; 1831, 766; 1832, 1064; 1833, 1067; 1834, 1156. The number of foreign clearances during the year 1829 was 524; 1830, 561; 1831, 679; 1832, 943; 1833, 935; 1834, 1063. The arrivals and clearances during the present year are more than during any previous year since the adoption of the present constitution.

The amount of duties paid during the year 1833, was \$3,895,036.71.

The amount of duties secured the first quarter of 1834, \$655,714.56
Second quarter 1834, 852,886.05
Third do do 503,100.10
Fourth do do estimated at 503,623.00

The amount of debentures paid during the year 1833, was \$1,046,005.31.

The amount of debentures paid during the year 1834, was \$506,437.35.

It has been reported that the fire which consumed Mr. Ingersoll's house in Purchase street, caught from hot ashes put into a wooden vessel by the wife of Mr. Lewis, one of the occupants—this is entirely false—in the first place, Mr. L. had a good and safe ash-hole, where his ashes were always deposited; and furthermore, there was not any fire in his part of the house during the day, nor were any ashes taken up—his family were out of the city during the day, and did not return until eight o'clock in the evening, when he came with them—upon their return, they went into a part of the house occupied by a son-in-law, and warmed themselves, and then went to bed without kindling any fire at all in their own apartment.

Fire Company No 7 have presented to Mr. William Shelton \$150, and to his wife \$50, towards remunerating them for their loss by the fire in Purchase street on Thursday. Mr. S. is an active member of the Fire Department.—*Briggs.*

Winter Arrangement.—The Postmaster of Baltimore gives notice that in consequence of the severe weather of late, the Steamboat Company have suspended their arrangements for carrying the U. S. mail, and of course it will be conveyed by land for the present.

Munificence.—Mr. Samuel Appleton, who gave \$500 to the Infant School Fair the other day, gave \$1000 to the Eye and Ear Infirmary on Thursday.

Celeste made a very neat speech by way of returning thanks to the Philadelphians, upon her benefit night.

The Sleighting is good, the bells are in tune, the beaux in spirits, the horses are swift, the air is keen, and muffled wine as white as the earth's mantle.

Bulwer has written a "Letter on the present crisis."

A man named Edward Tour was drowned between midnight and one o'clock yesterday morning in the dock at the north side of Long wharf. He left his boarding house after 10 o'clock on the preceding evening, for the purpose, as he expressed it, "of seeing the old year out and the new year in." He went with a companion to a tavern near Hancock's wharf, where they remained until 12 o'clock, and then, being as his companion stated in the examination before the coroner "a little worse for liquor," went down Long wharf for the purpose of going on board a ship. He went down the north side of the wharf, about 20 rods in advance of the witness, who heard him cry out "I am going," and saw him jump into the dock, the tide being up. Witness went to the spot, and threw overboard plank in the hope of assisting him, but saw nothing. In the forenoon the body was found and taken out, and an inquest was held upon it before Mr. Snow the Coroner, when the above facts were proved. The verdict of the jury of inquest was that the deceased came to his death by drowning, specifying the time and place.

—*Advertiser.*

POLICE COURT.

Robert Sullivan, having paid his three cents for a nipper, reached his hand into the money drawer and took out a couple of dollars in change, when he quietly retired, with the intention, no doubt, of returning the amount in future instalments of three cents each. This construction of his design, however, was more charitable than the shop-keeper's, who obtained a warrant against him; and about 10 at night, Mr. Constable wedged up to his knees through Elliott street, with the expectation of catching Bob-snippering. But when he placed his thumb on the door-latch of the vagabond barracks, in which he supposed his fox to burrow, the lights, as if by a common consent, springing from a spontaneous sense of a common cause for apprehending a domiciliary visit, by virtue of authority, were extinguished in every room instantly. He, however, succeeded in groping his way to a room in the third story, at which he had the politeness to knock, but received not a whisper in response to his civility—all was silence and darkness, solemn and terrible to tipple; for, contrary to a sound military maxim, he was aware that in ascending, he had "left a castle in the rear," or rather below, the garrison of which might sally out of the ports he had passed unmolested in entering, and cut off his retreat, make him eat his "despatches from the court of Levee street," and kick him into the street to digest them. To retreat, or descend, therefore, might probably be destruction itself, while to advance could only be dangerous; and he accordingly summoned resolution to repeat the tip-tap:—No answer, "and all the air a solemn stillness held." Wisely attributing this silence to fear, his own courage waxed exceedingly strong, and he redoubled his assault on the door, till he obtained an audible response of three well feigned snores; and logically concluding that where there was snoring there was also life, he followed up his drumming, till a feeble female voice timidly stammered out—"Who—what's the—there?" "It's me," said Mr. Constable—"Who've ye got in here?" "Nobody, but women," said the frightened fair one, "and you can't come in." "Oh, if there's nobody but women in, you have nothing to fear; and if you don't open the door, I'll break it in;" and bringing his shoulder, like another Sampson to the work, he was about walking sideways through the pannels, when she crept lightly from her couch, and turned the key. Passing directly to the only bed in the room, and putting his hand on a snoring animal, with his face to the wall, smothered in blankets, and even less odoriferous than a steak smothered in burnt onions, he asked the lady what it was—"It is only my sister, sir; don't wake her, for she had a bad night of it last night, and has a cold." "Your sister, is it?" Rather a stout one, aint it? I guess it is your sister Bob, eh?" said the inquisitive intruder. "Bob, Bob! heigh—I thought some one called me—didn't some one call Bob, Mary?" yawned the quaking sleeper. "Yes, I called Bob; you must walk with me, and it is time to be jogging;" was the inexorable reply. The nature of the demand upon him was intimated to him, and by the light of his conscience, he saw and was satisfied that all was right. By the aid of the same luminary, he was also enabled to see the justice and convenience of a sentence to the House of Correction for three months.

A prisoner who had been thrust into one of the dungeons of the Bastille in the time of Louis XIII., said to the turn-key—

"I trust that it will not be long before I am released altogether."

"Why, I should guess that it would not," answered the jailer in a somewhat sarcastic tone, still continuing to unlock the iron; "People do not in general stay here very long."

"How so?" demanded Philip anxiously, misdoubting the tone in which the other spoke.

"Why," replied he, "you must know there are three ways, by one of which prisoners are generally released, as you say, altogether; and one way is as common as another, so far as my experience goes. Sometimes they die under the torture; at other times they are turned out to have their heads struck off; or else they die of the damp; which last we call being Home sick."

The 'Courier Francais' says—"The native assigned Cabinet was the impossibility of his supporting the millions to the United States. M. Bresson asserts, that States, he had an opportunity of knowing in the United States, if awarded, would not go to the persons who had recently experienced losses, and that he could not, as a Minister, support what he conceived to be contrary to the interests of France."—*Daily Advertiser.*

The above must be a fabrication at the expense of M. de Bresson's character for veracity and integrity, and we are unwilling, connected as he has been, by marriage, with one of the most respectable families in this State, to suffer it to pass unnoted. Documents have been on file at the Department of State, sustained by shewing losses by French spoliation, for 20 years past, exceeding the indemnity to an amount vast beyond the control and for the benefit of the original sufferers in their legal representatives. We doubt whether a single instance can be produced of their having been parted with except in cases of insolvency, where, of creditors.

Indeed, until enforced by the energetic negotiations of our present Administration, our appeals to the justice of France were considered so hopeless as to forbid the idea of a claimant realizing any thing by a sale.—*A. Y. Times.*

Murder.—A murder was perpetrated in the southern section of this city on Sunday evening last, about nine o'clock, by a man named Atkinson, on his wife. A dispute arose between them, and some of the neighbors being alarmed at the noise, entered the house for the purpose of ascertaining the cause. Atkinson drew a pistol, and on his leveling it at his neighbors, his wife caused her death in a short time. He was soon after apprehended and lodged in prison.—*Balt. Rep.*

Several eminent jurists, among whom are Samuel L. Southard, the late Governor Williamson, General Wall, have given written opinions that the Legislature of New Jersey had a clear and constitutional power to grant to the Delaware and Raritan Canal and Camden and Annapolis, and that its Acts to that effect "are obligatory upon the people, judicial tribunals, and the Legislature of the State."—*Jour. Com.*

The first tea sale in Liverpool took place Nov. 1, at good prices. 4000 chests were sold, chiefly Congees.

he scratches his head

SCRAPS FROM HISTORY AND LITERATURE.

Provocation will sometimes rouse valour, when a sense of honour will not. In the year 1746, when Botta, the Austrian general, demanded a severe contribution of the Genoese, they began paying, and all went on quietly, though it was with the utmost difficulty that the second payment was made; but the Austrians being possessed of a notion which was not grounded, that though the government of Genoa was exhausted, yet that many of their individuals were immensely rich, still advanced in their demands; and the senate took care that all the sums paid to the Austrians should be carried with great parade to their quarters in full view of the people. This had the effect they secretly desired, which was to render matters ripe for a revolt, without their being openly concerned in it; though some of the senators were bold enough to disguise themselves in plebeian dresses, and mixing with the common people blew the flame of discontent, which, notwithstanding all the terror of the Austrian general and army, at last broke out. For the siege of Antibes being resolved upon, Botta, amongst other pieces of artillery, which he designed to be put on board the British fleet for carrying on that siege, ordered a large mortar, which happened to be overturned in the streets, and an Austrian officer endeavouring to oblige some of the inhabitants of Genoa to assist in dragging it down to the harbour, they refused; and he striking one of them with his cane, a shower of stones from the rest obliged the Austrians for that night to retire. Next day, when Botta prepared to chastise the insurgents, he found them grown to a formidable host, and without entering into the particulars of the insurrection, all the intrepidity and discipline of his troops could not withstand that spirit of liberty which once more animated these republicans, who for many years had been looked upon as degenerated, even to a proverb. By this time the insurgents, by the help of some French and Spanish officers, who were prisoners to the Austrians, but had mingled themselves in disguises with the Genoese, were disciplined and rendered excellent troops, and they had regularly fortified all the strong posts of the city; nor would they longer hear of any terms; but that the Austrians should evacuate the city, restore their artillery, and give them an acquittance of all further demands of any kind. Upon this Botta, after another desperate but fruitless attempt to recover possession of the city, found himself obliged to evacuate the same, which he did with great loss to himself, and satisfaction to the Genoese.

Cardinal de Richelieu, amongst all his great occupations, found a recreation in violent exercises; and he was once discovered jumping with his servant, to try who could reach the highest side of a wall. De Grammont, observing the cardinal to be jealous of his powers, offered to jump with him; and, in the spirit of a courtier, having made some efforts which nearly reached the cardinal's, confessed the cardinal surpassed him. This was jumping like a politician; and by this means he is said to have ingratiated himself with the minister.

The great Samuel Clarke was fond of robust exercise; and this profound logician has been found leaping over tables and chairs: once perceiving a pedantic fellow, he said, "Now we must desist, for a fool is coming in."

That man should still rise to sorrow and to danger, and that the kindest gift of Heaven should be the temporary forgetfulness of existence. Sorrow! how is it that thy course thread is so intimately mingled with the web of life, that he who would tear thee out must rend the whole fabric? Oh life, thou long sad dream! when shall we rise from all thy phantom agonies to that bright waking which we fondly hope?

Formerly it was the custom in England to announce a death by circulars. Our mode of inviting to funerals through the newspapers was by them ridiculed. But by the following we see it is beginning to be adopted abroad.

"Died, at London, on the 8th of November, aged fifty-nine, Charles Landale, Esq., civil engineer. His friends are requested to accept of this intimation of his death."

A New Year's Gift.—We understand that a gentleman in Roxbury discovered yesterday morning at his front door, a covered basket, which, on opening his door to contain an infant, with a letter attached to its clothing requesting the finder to shelter and protect it. The little trembler was taken in, and will no doubt receive the care which was denied it by the inhuman parents.—*Merc.*

A Horse at a supper table.—Last evening, just after dark, a horse and sleigh came full speed down Pearl street, and on arriving at Fulton street, the horse sheered under Holt's building, leaving the sleigh behind. The animal received no injury; and, after paying his money "put out," being considered an uninvited guest.

Hospitality.—"T," said a traveller, "is one of the finest fellows I know. He exhibits real hospitality. He not only has a plate ever ready for any of his friends, but he sends a horse to your door whenever you wish to ride." "That, indeed," replied another, "is real horse-pity."

A man named Adam Williams, in the employ of H. M. Folks, Vicksburg, Miss. has lately absconded, taking with him \$3000 in cash. He is twenty-five years of age—ordinary height—very erect—sharp features—fair complexion and rather bald. \$200 reward is offered for him.

Somewhat of an increase of value.—A plantation on the Mississippi containing 800 arpents, which originally cost one thousand dollars, has lately been sold for one hundred and forty thousand dollars. Property has lately generally risen in value.

The Richmond Whig complains in strong terms of the officiousness of the editor of the Boston Atlas, in recommending Mr. Webster as a candidate for the Presidency, and persisting in pressing his claims upon the opposition for their support.

We do not believe that at any former period, real estate ever sold so high as at the present moment. Yesterday the store 150 Pearl street, went off at auction for \$41,700; and the old house corner of Nassau and Pine streets, sold for \$35,000.—*A. Y. Gaz.*

Royal Conundrum.—The Duke of Gloucester in London, better known as "Silly Billy," lately at breakfast, turning to his attendant, who laughs at his sayings, "When I told it."

Phrenological.—Tom Hood, in his new novel of Tyne Hall, says that phrenologists have never satisfactorily accounted for the fact that when a man is puzzled

It is satisfactorily ascertained that the farm house of M. Le Bron situated at Back Cove near Portland which was burnt down a few weeks ago was set on fire, not by accident from hot ashes as was supposed, but by some incendiary. M. Le Bron was absent at Boston at the time of the fire. As there was no insurance upon the house, the loss is a very cruel one to him. He estimates it at \$2000.

While we deplore his misfortune, we are happy to learn that the precious discovery he has made of an indestructible ink will very soon enable him to repair his loss. This durable and indelible ink has been lost ever since the fifth century. According to the certificate of the celebrated chemist Professor Cleaveland of Bowdoin College this ink is the best that is to be found in his knowledge. The assurance of several individuals who have used it for the last eight months—the principal Banks in Boston—Newburyport and Portland—are a sure guarantee of its excellent quality.—The experiment to which it has been subjected by one of the most celebrated Chemists of one of the most respectable manufactories at Lowell—leave nothing in this respect to be desired.

Proof against the attacks of chemical agents, of the United States a single public office, Registry of Deeds—Registry of Probate—Bank—or merchant who have at heart the safety of the interests under their charge, in their own, or who have so little patriotism as in useful things all other governments.

We doubt not a single instant that when the general government shall have become acquainted with it, it will adopt it and cause it to be adopted throughout the whole sphere of its action. It is not to be supposed that under the pretext of saving a paltry sum yearly any officer or merchant would wish to abstain from using it.

We invite all the editors of newspapers in the United States generally to have the goodness to insert this communication in their papers. Their love for the public good is to us a sure guaranty that they will do so in accordance with the vindications of the article already given in several gazettes through the communications of distinguished men.

Hon. R. T. Lytle, having recovered from his indisposition, took his seat in the House of Representatives on Saturday.

The Camden and Amboy Rail Road has just been completed to Camden city, across the river from Philadelphia.

The Illinois Legislature met on the 1st inst. James Temple was elected Speaker of the House.

We understand that Gov. Eaton reached Pensacola, with his family, on the 1st inst.—*Globe.*

On Lake Erie, next season, there will be in operation eight elegant steamboats.

The steamer Connecticut arrived at Key West on the 13th ult.

COUNTING ROOM ALMANAC—1835.

January	February	March	April	May	June	July	August	September	October	November	December
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31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31	31

TREMONT ANTI-SWEARING SOCIETY.—The members of this Society are respectfully informed that their regular monthly meeting will be held at the Boylston Hotel, School Street, this Evening, at 7 o'clock.

Business of importance will require the attention of all the members. W. B. ENGLISH, Secretary.

BOSTON SOCIETY FOR THE DIFFUSION OF USEFUL KNOWLEDGE.—The Lectures before the Society for the Diffusion of Useful Knowledge, will commence at the Masonic Temple, on Thursday, 5th inst. at 7 o'clock, P. M.

The managers having found that the method pursued for the last two years of having a connected series of lectures on some one individual, has met with the approbation of the Society, have adopted the same method for the ensuing season. And they have a series of lectures by the Hon. Caleb Cushing, on "The History and State of Modern Christendom," "The Literature, Art, Social Distinctions, Religion, Property, Crime, and Manners, of the civilized nations of Europe."

The further arrangements will be hereafter announced. DANIEL WEBSTER, President. 1st

STEAMBOAT BANGOR.—The annual meeting of the Stockholders of the Steamboat Bangor, for the choice of Directors, will be held on the first Monday of January next, at 3 o'clock, P. M. at the Exchange Coffee House, in Boston.

PENSION BLANKS.—Blank POWERS OF ATTORNEY for Pensioners under the act of 1832, may be had at this office.

JOB PRINTING, OF EVERY VARIETY, NEATLY, QUICKLY, AND CHEAPLY EXECUTED AT THIS OFFICE.

MARRIED.—In this city, on Thursday evening, by the Rev Mr. Hague, William Bacheiler Jr. of South Reading, to Nancy Lufkin, daughter of C. Brown.

On Thursday evening, by Rev Mr. Young, Edward Haynes Jr. to Lucy Steadman, daughter of Freeman Fisher.

On Thursday evening, by Rev Mr. Bigelow, Jesse Farmer to Elizabeth P. Hammond, both of this city.

On Thursday evening, by the Rev Mr. Frothingham, Peter Trotter to Almira, daughter of Henry Toddman.

On Thursday evening, by Rev Mr. Steeter, George Shepard to Sarah Sparrowhawk.

By the Rev Mr. Philmore, Samuel Holmes to Abigail Ford.

In this city, on Thursday, Lydia Parkman, widow of the late Wm P. 34.

On Thursday, Henry J. Dunster, only child of Henry and Margaret P. Bick, of this city, 28.

In Dorchester, on Wednesday night last, William, son of Edward and Mary Preston, 17 mos.

In the Navy Yard, Charleston, Dec 23, of dropsy on the brain, Henry Foster Waldo, 6 years, son of Charles F. Waldo, in Salem, on Thursday, Charles Wait, 40. Funeral to-morrow at 2 o'clock P. M.—friends and relations are requested to attend without further invitation.

SHIP-NEWS—1835.

PORT OF BOSTON—JANUARY 2, 1835.

ARRIVED.

Sch Pilot, Felch, Philadelphia.

Sch Page, Bassett, New York.

Sch Giles, Baker, New York, via Portland.

Sch Adair, Sylvester, Newburyport.

Sch Miners, Cook, Newburyport.

CLEARED.
Brig Tilton, Carney, Attakapas; sch Lafayette, Smith, St. Jago, W. Kent & Co; Morning Star, M'Farland, Bootbay.

FOREIGN LETTER OFFICE, CITY HALL.—Letter bags for London, Liverpool and Havre, via New York, will close on Monday evening, 3d inst, at 8 o'clock.

From Toulon's Agent.
Philad's sch Robt Bruce, and Helen Frizer, do; Hudson, N.Y. for Boston; Sophia, Napoleon, and Irene, do; New York for Boston.

Sch Rella, Philad for Boston, in coming to, drugged ashore—will be to discharge part of cargo to get off.

At Edgartown, ship Spartan, Pacific, for Nantucket.

Sch Spartan, Gordon, for Portland, went ashore on Gerrish Island, near Portsmouth, 30th, and went to pieces—crew killed, or here, from Portland, came out of Portsmouth next day, and picked up the binnacle of a small vessel, 1 lb pork marked "N. Enery, Portland," a ladies calash, &c, which probably came from the S.

The N. Y. Journal of Commerce, of Thursday, says the brig Sarah & Elizabeth, from Antwerp, reported as ashore before is not there and has not arrived.

PUBLIC HOUSE

from the country will do well to call before they purchase the prices are lower than at any other store in the city

FRANKLIN RESTORER.
Wilson's Lane, near of the U. S. Branch Bank
State street.
The subscriber respectfully informs the public that he continues the above establishment in addition to the apartments heretofore leased the rooms formerly known as the M. Room, under the Mechanics' Exchange Rest. is now divided into three apartments, viz.—
At this Restaurant, the best and most kind of Refreshments will be served up at all hours of the day. The extraction of TEETH and WINES of the most approved quality, perserved as usual, and the luxuries of French and Italian Cookery, and the situation is near the Railroad Depot &c.
Transient or permanent boarders will find accommodations at the above Establishment, as a city.
Cooks, Parties, Engine and Military Company, find the best accommodations, and at the same time Cooked Dishes sent to any part of the City.
The friends of the above establishment generally, are respectfully invited to call and Rooms, which are spacious, and fitted up in every way, as any establishment of the kind in Boston is not correspond to the improved taste of the present times.
JANUARY 1st
PHENIX HOTEL,
DEDHAM, MASS.
The Subscriber would inform his travelling public generally, that he has opened an extensive Hotel in Dedham, just erected and destroyed by fire two years since, and that view put in the best possible condition for visit and more comfortable than the last one. He encourages them to give him a trial, and encouragement before received, a continuance of success is confidently expected.
JANUARY 1st
N. B.—Good Stables are attached to the Horse and Carriages constantly to be let.
nov 4 stuw3m
NEW ENGLAND RESTORER.
—No 7 Congress street, under Rogers' building.
The subscribers have taken the pleasure to have their new establishment opened THIS DAY, for the reception of the intention of the subscribers to furnish customers with every luxury the market affords will be furnished with choice Old Wines, Fruit and Cakes.
Soups ready at 11 o'clock every day.
sept 18 epwistw MICHAEL E. J.
WESSONVILLE HOTEL.
The subscriber having taken the pleasure to long and well known establishment by Silas Wesson, Esq. which has been long enough repaired, and been newly furnished, begs leave to inform the former customers, and others, that all who may hereafter become customers, and that he will endeavor to be able to accommodate those who may call upon him, will be furnished with Choice Old Wines, Fruit and Refreshments.
The subscriber will be prepared to accommodate for a short time, or for the season.
Carriages and horses ready at the shop to stage passengers, boarders, and others. Stage orders arising from the former Department, SPRINGS, at any hour of the day—it being a pleasant, and a pleasant ride. Stages to and from New York, every day. Post Office kept at this place for boarders at the Springs, directed to this office.
Wessonville, Westboro', May 22, 1834.
POSITIVE, OR NO PAY.—Mrs. J. O. Gage, Proprietress of the Health Restorative.
More than forty years have now elapsed since given me by my uncle, a celebrated Physician, was troubled with a very bad cough and cold. A friend informed relief, and a few doses of the effects were astonishing quick, and the instances of the wonderful efficacy of these drops of balsam, has induced me to put them in Philadelphia, and the impression it would be a public benefit if I could make it so. I am therefore offering a guarantee against quackery and deception, agents to return the money to all those that do it, returning the bottle and directions. The result cure, particularly of these numerous and common ailments, such as colds, influenza, and other diseases, the knowledge, appreciation of these articles, and perfect health, as well as many in the decline of life.
DR. CRELIEUX'S CELEBRATED OINTMENT.
A sovereign remedy for the Salt Rheum, Scald Head, and all other Cutaneous Disorders. These cases, which are met with so much reluctance by patients, and in which he so universally successful, found a certain remedy in Dr Crelieux's Ointment. It has in its experience and justly gained celebrity. It has in thirty years standing, which baffled the experienced physicians and resisted the power of remedy that could be devised. It immediately cures the skin, and restores its original color and texture.
Sold wholesale and retail by ANDREW GEORGE Hanover street. Price 50 cents per bottle. A bill made to those who buy to sell again.
FOREIGN LEECHES.—MRS GEYER
attended to the application of Foreign Leeches in Room, 123 Tremont-st., next door to the residence of the invalid. Orders left at her room Geyer's Apothecary Shop, corner of Hanover and State streets, will be promptly attended. Mrs Geyer has also the following—surgeon gentlemen—Drs Jackson, Bigelow, Dixwell, Hayward, Hale, Channing, Van Jeffries.
N. B. The poor will be supplied with Leeches price
DR JOHNS A. BROWN, Physician of the Infirmary.
settles Thomsonian Infirmary, and Agent for son, founder of the Botanic System of Medicine. Inform the public, that by the advice responsibility resting on the friends of the Botanic system arrangements for the admission of the infirm persons as by sickness or misfortune, are unable attended fees of expense, excepting board which will not exceed four dollars per week, and no number of weeks exceeding six months. Considerable improvement have been made in the Establishment, particularly in the Female Department wishing it can be accommodated with private rooms with the Bath, &c. at prices from 5 to 15 cents per week.
Other information and advice may be had free of application at the Infirmary, No 554 Washington ton.
B. Books, Medicines, &c., for sale at usual references, if wanted.
PURE BEAR'S OIL may be had by the quart or single bottle, of A. BOYDEN, Hancock-street. All sales, so especially in this, Venders, if secure the whole sale and retail by the advertisement not to sell an article for the Hair which tends rather than assist nature.
The virtues of Bear's Oil have been too long testified; and at this time no one can doubt the growth of the Hair. And young ladies against Bear's oil has long existed, arising from the improper method of purifying it, and the impossibility of removing the impurities. That this prejudice removed, the article now offered is warranted the possibility of its injuring the Hair, and the manner in which it has been purified. The genuine is enclosed in two wrappers, the inside signed Arnold Boyden.
SOUTH END BOOK STORE.—JAMES F. GANNON, Stationer and Dealer in Fancy Goods.
Boylston Street, Boston, (Sign of the Large Book).
The public are respectfully informed that they will find at the above store, a complete assortment of all kept in this line of business, of the best quality, and lowest prices. Among which are—
ALL KINDS OF BOOKS of every description in general, of all kinds—Common Prayer Books, &c.—Hymn Books, Also, Miscellaneous, Juvenile and Tracts. Books received as soon as published, and all books not on hand, will be furnished at short notice.
MADE UP BOOKS and PAPER, of every size and quality, of the highest quality of paper—Memoranda and Books of all kinds—Writing Letter and Drawing Papers—Ruled Paper for bills, water blue and red, SAND, Indultans, Sandboxes, Letter Stamp Brushes—Gold Pens—Paint Boxes—Lead Pencils—Drawing Pencils—India Rubber—Drawing Pencils—Cutlery.—Rodgers's Superior Penknives—Razors—Shears, &c.—low and high priced.
FANCY GOODS.—A selected assortment of Fan among which are—Boxes—Pocket Books—Lamin Gammon Boards—Battle Maps—Globe and Lamin Boxes—Silver Petal Cases of every description—Lucifer Matches—Pocket Lights—Ivory and other Quoer men—Annals and Great Paper—Gold Paper &c. &c.
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Orders for PRINTING and BINDING executed in the best manner, and at short notice.
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HAIR WORK.—WARREN THAYER, No. 10 N. B. street, has just perfected his full supply of Frizzles, consisting of Pulfs, Frizettes, Bands of long Hair, &c. &c.
Dealers in the country will do well to call before base, as the prices are lower than at any other store in the city.